## What is Claimed is:

- A method of manufacturing a flash memory device, the method comprising the steps of;
  - (a) providing a semiconductor substrate having a high voltage transistor area in which a first gate oxide film and a first poly-silicon layer are formed between first element isolation films, and a low voltage transistor/cell area in which a second gate oxide film and the first poly-silicon layer are formed between second element isolation films;
  - (b) forming a planarizing film on the surfaces of the first poly-silicon layer and the first and second element isolation films;
  - (c) performing a first etching process to remove upper portions of the planarizing film and the element isolation films in the low voltage transistor/cell area to a certain thickness:
  - (d) performing a second etching process to remove upper portions of the planarizing film and the element isolation films in the high voltage transistor area and the low voltage transistor/cell area; and,
  - (e) forming a second poly-silicon layer on the surfaces of the first polysilicon layer and the element isolation films.
- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the planarizing film is formed by using an SOG or a BPSG to have a thickness in the range of about 300 Å to about 800 Å.
- 3. The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of forming a buffer oxide film between the first poly-silicon layer and the planarizing film.
- **4.** The method of claim **3**, wherein the buffer oxide film has a thickness in the range of about 20 Å to about 100 Å.
- 5. The method of claim 1, wherein the first and second etching processes comprise a wet etching process using an oxide etching solution with HF added.
- 6. The method of claim 1, further comprising forming, prior to step (c), a photo resist pattern to close the high voltage transistor area and open the low voltage transistor/cell area.

- 7. The method of claim 6, further comprising removing the photo resist pattern by a wet or dry etching after the first etching process is completed.
- 8. The method of claim 1, further comprising performing the first and second etching processes to obtain an oxide height (EFH) in the high voltage transistor area and the low voltage transistor/cell area of about (-) 100 Å to about 50 Å.